

Pioneer<sup>®</sup> brand Maize Silage hybrid performance information

# Silage CRM 109

#### Hard to fault, stable, all-round hybrid.

**P0900** is an exceptionally balanced hybrid that delivers yield stability and a wide harvest window.

- Dependable standability, low ear placement, AQUAmax drought tolerance, great foliar health and staygreen.
- Has strong resistance to Northern Leaf Blight and Rust.
- East Coast growers will value superior Head Smut resistance.
- A management responsive hybrid that will benefit from adjusting established plant population to match yield expectation.

Extensively planted between Kaitaia and Napier alongside **P0937**.

# Recommended established plant populations (000's/ha)

Challenging yield environments

Recommended growing regions

Medium yield environments High yield environments

15



#### **Plant traits**

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Drought tolerance	
	9
Stalk strength	
	7
Root strength	
	7
Early growth	
	7
Plant height	
	7
Staygreen	
	8

#### Silage quality traits

Whole plant digestibility 6 Starch and sugar 6

### Hybrid disease ratings

Northern Leaf Blight
7
Common Rust
7

85



## Maize Silage Performance Comparisons for P0900

Yield advantage to the first named hybrid

Pioneer hybrid					
	Comparison hybrid	Number of trials	Drymatter difference (%) <sup>1</sup>	Yield advantage (kgDM/ha)	Statistical significance
National					
P0900	P0937	92	1.10	159	NS
P0900	P1315	29	0.47	-520	NS
P0900	P1636	28	2.34	-1,052	CA
Northland					
P0900	P0640	10	0.77	28	NS
P0900	P0937	14	0.97	-29	NS
Waikato					
P0900	P0937	67	0.84	312	NS
P0900	P1315	28	0.46	-570	NS
P0900	P1636	26	2.39	-1,250	*
Bay of Plenty					
P0900	P0937	11	2.85	-537	NS

#### Yield significance key

\*

NS No significant yield difference

CA Commercially acceptable

Highly significant yield advantage \*\*

Very highly significant yield advantage \*\*\*

Significant yield advantage

<sup>1</sup> Positive drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a higher average drymatter percentage at harvest. Such hybrids are usually shorter in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Negative drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a lower average drymatter content at harvest. Such hybrids are usually longer in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Positive yield advantages indicate that the bolded hybrid was higher yielding.

Source: Pioneer® brand products New Zealand Research Programme. Includes all data to the end of the 2023 harvest.



For further information contact: Your Area Manager Or visit www.pioneer.nz March 2014

