



Pioneer® brand Maize Silage hybrid performance information

Silage CRM 112

Enjoy the agronomics of this top-yielding hybrid.

P1636 is a tall full-maturity hybrid which consistently delivers top-end yields in this key late maturity segment.

- Long cob to produce high grain content silage.
- Combines impressive agronomics, drought tolerance and staygreen that together provide a wide harvest window.
- Plant early to maximise yields.
- In high-risk Northern Leaf Blight situations consider **P1185**, **P1315** or **P1837**.

P1636 is well adapted to all warmer northern growing regions.

Recommended growing regions



Recommended established plant populations (000's/ha)

Challenging
yield
environments

95

Medium
yield
environments

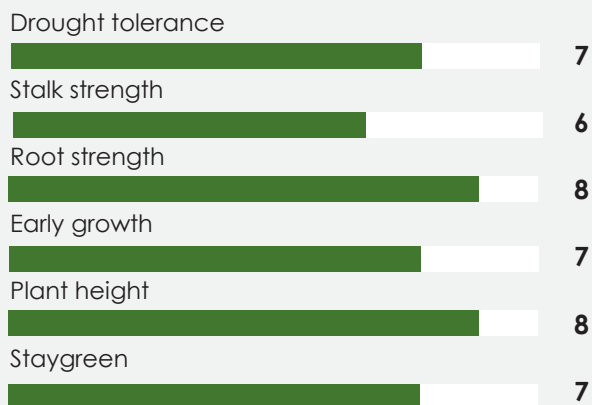
105

High
yield
environments

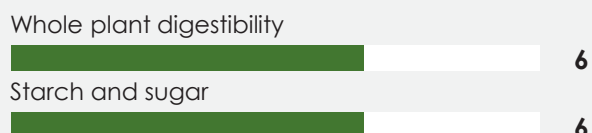
110



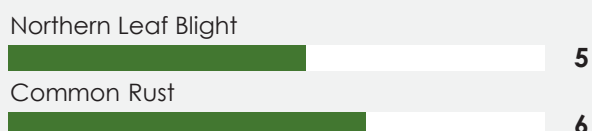
Plant traits



Silage quality traits



Hybrid disease ratings



Maize Silage Performance Comparisons for P1636

Yield advantage to the first named hybrid

Pioneer hybrid	Comparison hybrid	Number of trials	Drymatter difference (%) ¹	Yield advantage (kgDM/ha)	Statistical significance
National					
P1636	P0900	50	-2.48	1,588	★★★
P1636	P0937	66	-1.03	1,979	★★★
P1636	P1315	108	-1.92	476	CA
P1636	P1477W	155	1.11	-474	★
P1636	P1837	53	1.62	681	★
Northland and South Auckland					
P1636	P1185	7	-1.34	-1,679	CA
P1636	P1315	25	-2.11	-257	NS
P1636	P1477W	41	0.11	-873	CA
P1636	P1837	13	1.27	859	NS
Waikato					
P1636	P0900	46	-2.57	1,761	★★★
P1636	P0937	55	-1.32	2,134	★★★
P1636	P1315	58	-1.88	774	★
P1636	P1477W	75	1.80	-125	NS
P1636	P1837	30	2.07	683	NS
Bay of Plenty, Gisborne and Hawke's Bay					
P1636	P1315	25	-2.31	519	NS
P1636	P1477W	39	-1.92	-725	NS
P1636	P1837	10	0.91	446	NS

Yield significance key

NS No significant yield difference
CA Commercially acceptable
★ Significant yield advantage

★★ Highly significant yield advantage
★★★ Very highly significant yield advantage

¹ Positive drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a higher average drymatter percentage at harvest. Such hybrids are usually shorter in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Negative drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a lower average drymatter content at harvest. Such hybrids are usually longer in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Positive yield advantages indicate that the bolded hybrid was higher yielding. Source: Pioneer® brand products New Zealand Research Programme. Includes all data to the end of the 2024 harvest.



For further information contact:
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