

Pioneer® brand Maize Silage hybrid performance information

Silage CRM 87

Yield with superb quality for Northern Regions.

A tall hybrid with superior roots and stalks.

- High ratings for drought, Northern Leaf Blight, Rust and staygreen deliver season long silage appeal, and yield stability. These all combine to support a wide harvest window.
- Produces silage with excellent energy and digestibility desired by high-productivity herds.

Research results show **P8711** is most productive in northern regions from Northland to Hawke's Bay, particularly where Northern Leaf Blight is a significant concern.



Recommended established plant populations (000's/ha)

Challenging yield environments

Medium yield environments

High yield environments



Plant traits

Drought tolerance 8 Stalk strength 7 Root strength 7 Early growth 7 Plant height 8 Staygreen 8

Silage quality traits

Whole plant digestibility Starch and sugar

Hybrid disease ratings

Northern Leaf Blight 7 Common Rust

Maize Silage Performance Comparisons for P8711

Yield advantage to the first named hybrid

	Comparison hybrid	Number of trials	Drymatter difference (%) ¹		
Pioneer hybrid				Yield advantage (kgDM/ha)	Statistical significance
National					
P8711	P8333	58	-4.33	873	**
P8711	P8666	125	-2.47	87	NS
Waikato					
P8711	P8666	36	-2.80	1,347	***
ower North Isla	nd & Taranaki				
P8711	P8333	21	-3.71	713	CA
P8711	P8666	55	-2.24	-319	NS
South Island					
P8711	P8333	20	-3.98	-203	NS
P8711	P8666	28	-1.44	-911	NS

Yield significance key

NS No significant yield difference
CA Commercially acceptable
Significant yield advantage

★★ Highly significant yield advantage

*** Very highly significant yield advantage

¹ Positive drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a higher average drymatter percentage at harvest. Such hybrids are usually shorter in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Negative drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a lower average drymatter content at harvest. Such hybrids are usually longer in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Positive yield advantages indicate that the bolded hybrid was higher yielding.



