

Pioneer® brand Maize Silage hybrid performance information

Silage CRM 92

Solid, balanced hybrid, with top-of-the-line foliar health.

Plant where Northern Leaf Blight, standability and drought tolerance are seasonal concerns.

- Competitive silage yields compared to P9400.
- Moderately tall with strong agronomics, superior roots and, stalks.
- Delivers high and stable silage yields.
- Late season staygreen and plant health delivers a wide harvest window and silage with exceptional digestibility and energy.

Adapted throughout to all North Island growing regions where this maturity meets grower's objectives.





Recommended established plant populations (000's/ha)

Challenging yield environments

Medium yield environments High yield environments

95 110

120



Plant traits

Drought tolerance	
Stalk strength	8
Root strength	7
Early growth	7
Plant height	7
	6
Staygreen	
staygreen	9
Silage quality traits	9
	9
Silage quality traits	9
Silage quality traits Whole plant digestibility	9
Silage quality traits Whole plant digestibility	9 9
Silage quality traits Whole plant digestibility Starch and sugar	9 9

Maize Silage Performance Comparisons for P92575

Yield advantage to the first named hybrid

Pioneer hybrid	Comparison hybrid	Number of trials	Drymatter difference (%) ¹	Yield advantage (kgDM/ha)	Statistical significance
National					
P92575	P9127	52	-2.75	154	NS
P92575	P9400	93	-1.47	664	***
P92575	P9650	62	-0.75	235	NS
Waikato					
P92575	P9127	25	-3.53	787	NS
P92575	P9400	50	-1.90	985	***
P92575	P9650	33	-0.66	318	NS
Lower North Isl	and and Tarana	ki			
P92575	P9127	24	-2.05	-394	NS
P92575	P9400	35	-0.91	329	NS
P92575	P9650	22	-0.62	583	CA

Yield significance key

NS No significant yield difference
CA Commercially acceptable

★ Significant yield advantage

** Highly significant yield advantage*** Very highly significant yield advantage

Source: Pioneer® brand products New Zealand Research Programme. Includes all data to the end of the 2024 harvest.







For further information contact: Your Area Manager or visit www.pioneer.nz March 2025



¹ Positive drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a higher average drymatter percentage at harvest. Such hybrids are usually shorter in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Negative drymatter differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a lower average drymatter content at harvest. Such hybrids are usually longer in maturity than the comparison hybrid. Positive yield advantages indicate that the bolded hybrid was higher yielding.