

# Pioneer® brand Maize Grain hybrid performance information

### Grain CRM 80

### Dependable early hybrid with strong agronomics.

Similar in type, maturity and management requirements to **P8000** which it replaces.

- P8086 produced similar yields to P8333 in Lower North Island trials but has better standability and Northern Leaf Blight resistance.
- Good husk cover, a long cob packed with deep dent grain and fast drydown.
- Moderate in height with low ear placement, strong standability, drought tolerance and staygreen ratings.

A valuable option for Lower North Island and South Island growers, while providing a balance of yield and earliness in northern growing regions.

Recommended growing regions



## Recommended established plant populations (000's/ha)

Challenging yield environments

Medium yield environments High yield environments

0 10

115



### Plant and agronomic traits

Drought tolerance	
	7
Stalk strength	6
Root strength	_
Early growth	7
Staygreen	0
Husk cover	7
Grain drydown	6
Grain aryaowii	6
Grain quality traits	
Grain appearance	,
Test weight	6
	5
Hybrid disease ratings	
Northern Leaf Blight	
Common Rust	6
	7

### Maize Grain Performance Comparisons for P8086

Yield/test weight advantage to the first named hybrid

Pioneer hybrid	Comparison hybrid	Number of trials	Harvest moisture difference (%) <sup>1</sup>	Grain yield advantage(kgDM/ha)	Statistical significance	Test weight difference (kg/hl)	
Lower North Island							
P8086	P8000	19	-0.45	651	*	-1.33	
P8086	P8240	19	-0.33	-761	CA	-0.65	
P8086	P8333	20	-0.55	-27	NS	-0.95	
P8086	P8532	20	-0.08	-1,049	*	-2.12	
P8086	P8666	20	-0.46	-563	NS	-0.87	

#### Yield significance Key

NS No significant yield differenceCA Commercially acceptable

★ Significant yield advantage

- \*\* Highly significant yield advantage
- \*\*\* Very highly significant yield advantage

Source: Pioneer® brand products New Zealand Research Programme. Includes all data to the end of the 2024 harvest.













<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Positive harvest moisture differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a lower average moisture percentage at harvest than the comparison hybrid. Such hybrids are usually earlier in maturity or faster to drydown than the comparison hybrid. Negative moisture differences indicate that the bolded Pioneer hybrid had a higher average moisture percentage at harvest. Such hybrids are usually later in maturity or slower to drydown than the comparison hybrid. Positive yield and / or test weight differences indicate the bolded Pioneer hybrid had higher yield and / or grain test weight.